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| APPLICATION NO.  | FILING DATE              | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR  | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/595,931   | 03/28/2007               | Ronald Ribeiro Duarte | 033794/311439       | 9145             |
| 826<br>ALSTON & BI   | 7590 02/20/200<br>RD LLP | EXAMINER              |                     |                  |
| BANK OF AM   | ERICA PLAZA              | BHAT, ADITYA S        |                     |                  |
| 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000<br>CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000 |                          |                       | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
|  |                          |                       | 2863                |                  |
|  |                          |                       |                     |                  |
|  |                          |                       | MAIL DATE           | DELIVERY MODE    |
|  |                          |                       | 02/20/2009          | PAPER            |

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

|   | Application No.  | Applicant(s)   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | 10/595,931   | RIBEIRO DUARTE, RONALD   |  |  |  |
| Office Action Summary   | Examiner   | Art Unit   |  |  |  |
|   | ADITYA BHAT  | 2863   |  |  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app<br>Period for Reply  | ears on the cover sheet with the c   | orrespondence address  |  |  |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).   | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI | l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |  |  |
| Status  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Ma  2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This  3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E  | action is non-final.<br>nce except for formal matters, pro   |  |  |  |  |
| Disposition of Claims   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1-11 and 14-25 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) 12 and 13 is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 19 May 2006 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the or  | vn from consideration. relection requirement. r. ⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to b   |  |  |  |  |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/19/06.  | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:   | te   |  |  |  |

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Status

1. Claims 1-25 are currently pending in this application.

# **Priority**

2. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

### Specification

**3.** The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

## Content of Specification

- (a) <u>Title of the Invention</u>: See 37 CFR 1.72(a) and MPEP § 606. The title of the invention should be placed at the top of the first page of the specification unless the title is provided in an application data sheet. The title of the invention should be brief but technically accurate and descriptive, preferably from two to seven words may not contain more than 500 characters.
- (b) <u>Cross-References to Related Applications</u>: See 37 CFR 1.78 and MPEP § 201.11.
- (c) <u>Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research and Development:</u> See MPEP § 310.
- (d) <u>The Names Of The Parties To A Joint Research Agreement</u>: See 37 CFR 1.71(g).
- (e) Incorporation-By-Reference Of Material Submitted On a Compact Disc: The specification is required to include an incorporation-by-reference of electronic documents that are to become part of the permanent United States Patent and Trademark Office records in the file of a patent application. See 37 CFR 1.52(e) and MPEP § 608.05. Computer program listings (37 CFR 1.96(c)), "Sequence Listings" (37 CFR 1.821(c)), and tables having more than 50 pages of text were permitted as electronic documents on compact discs beginning on September 8, 2000.

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(f) <u>Background of the Invention</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(c). The specification should set forth the Background of the Invention in two parts:

(1) Field of the Invention: A statement of the field of art to which the invention pertains. This statement may include a paraphrasing of the applicable U.S. patent classification definitions of the subject matter of the claimed invention. This item may also be titled "Technical Field."

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- (2) Description of the Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 37 CFR 1.98: A description of the related art known to the applicant and including, if applicable, references to specific related art and problems involved in the prior art which are solved by the applicant's invention. This item may also be titled "Background Art."
- g) Brief Summary of the Invention: See MPEP § 608.01(d). A brief summary or general statement of the invention as set forth in 37 CFR 1.73. The summary is separate and distinct from the abstract and is directed toward the invention rather than the disclosure as a whole. The summary may point out the advantages of the invention or how it solves problems previously existent in the prior art (and preferably indicated in the Background of the Invention). In chemical cases it should point out in general terms the utility of the invention. If possible, the nature and gist of the invention or the inventive concept should be set forth. Objects of the invention should be treated briefly and only to the extent that they contribute to an understanding of the invention.
- (h) <u>Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s)</u>: See MPEP § 608.01(f). A reference to and brief description of the drawing(s) as set forth in 37 CFR 1.74.
- (i) Detailed Description of the Invention: See MPEP § 608.01(g). A description of the preferred embodiment(s) of the invention as required in 37 CFR 1.71. The description should be as short and specific as is necessary to describe the invention adequately and accurately. Where elements or groups of elements, compounds, and processes, which are conventional and generally widely known in the field of the invention described and their exact nature or type is not necessary for an understanding and use of the invention by a person skilled in the art, they should not be described in detail. However, where particularly complicated subject matter is involved or where the elements, compounds, or processes may not be commonly or widely known in the field, the specification should refer to another patent or readily available publication which adequately describes the subject matter.

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(j) Claim or Claims: See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(m). The claim or claims must commence on separate sheet or electronic page (37 CFR 1.52(b)(3)). Where a claim sets forth a plurality of elements or steps, each element or step of the claim should be separated by a line indentation. There may be plural indentations to further segregate subcombinations or related steps. See 37 CFR 1.75 and MPEP § 608.01(i)-(p).

- (k) Abstract of the Disclosure: See MPEP § 608.01(f). A brief narrative of the disclosure as a whole in a single paragraph of 150 words or less commencing on a separate sheet following the claims. In an international application which has entered the national stage (37 CFR 1.491(b)), the applicant need not submit an abstract commencing on a separate sheet if an abstract was published with the international application under PCT Article 21. The abstract that appears on the cover page of the pamphlet published by the International Bureau (IB) of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) is the abstract that will be used by the USPTO. See MPEP § 1893.03(e).
- (I) <u>Sequence Listing.</u> See 37 CFR 1.821-1.825 and MPEP §§ 2421-2431. The requirement for a sequence listing applies to all sequences disclosed in a given application, whether the sequences are claimed or not. See MPEP § 2421.02.

Specifically the heading for the <u>Cross-References to Related Applications</u>: section appears to be missing

Appropriate correction is required.

### Information Disclosure Statement

4. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 5/19/2006 was received. The submission is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97 and 37 CFR 1.98. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement has being considered by the examiner.

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# **Drawings**

5. The drawings submitted on 5/19/2006 are in compliance with 37 CFR § 1.81 and 37 CFR § 1.83 and have been accepted by the examiner.

# Claim Objections

6. Claims 1-25 are objected to because of the following informalities: The reference element numbering should not be in the claims i.e. power unit (3) or gate(1)

Claim 1 recites the limitation "the passage" in line 7.

Claims 14-17 recite the limitation "the control central". Also it is unclear whether this is the same as the control unit.

There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

Appropriate correction is required.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 8. Claims 1-3,6-11, 14-18 and 20-25 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289).

With regards to claim 1, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches a system of controlling and triggering a TRIAC (TR), the TRIAC comprising a gate (G), the TRIAC (TR) being connected to a load, the gate (G) being electrically connected to a power unit (3) that actuates the TRIAC (TR) for selectively applying a network voltage to the

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load and enabling the circulation of an electric current in the load, the system comprising:

a detection unit for detecting gate voltage; (Col. 2, lines 62-63) a detection unit for detecting the passage of the feed network voltage by zero;

(10; figure 1)

a power unit (1;figure 1); and

a control unit (12;figure 1);

the voltage detection unit (6,10) being electrically connected to the control unit (12) (figure 1),

the control unit establishing a gate (G) voltage limit value (+limit, -limit), and generating a pulse at the gate (G) of the TRIAC (TR) to keep it in conduction, (11;figure 1)

the pulse at the gate (G) being generated from a comparison between the voltage limit value (+limit, -limit) established by the control unit and a voltage measured at the gate (G) from the gate voltage detection unit. (Col. 2, lines 63-67)

With regards to claims 2 and 18, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the control unit measures the electric current and adjusts the voltage limit value (+limit, - limit) in a proportional way to the current value measured. (Col. 3, Lines 35-42)

With regards to claims 3 and 22, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the control unit (4) generates the pulse at the gate (G) of the TRIAC (TR) in previously established a measurement time (t.sub.M), the measurement time occurring before the passage of the current by zero. (Col. 3, Lines 30-44)

With regards to claims 6 and 20, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the adjustment of the limit (+limit, -limit) is made by means of a table of preestablished values stored in the control unit. (9;fig 1)

It is well known in the art that logic gates such as the AND gate in figure one have predetermined outputs based on the inputs. (col.3, lines 11-17)

With regards to claim 7, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the detection unit (1) for detecting voltage at the gate (G) comprises a comparator electrically connected to the gate (G) of the TRIAC (TR) and to a digital-to-analog (D/A) converter, the comparator receiving the signal of the voltage at the gate (G) of the TRIAC (TR) and a signal generated by the D/A converter, the D/A converter receiving a digital signal generated by the control central (44), the signal generated by the control central (44) establishing an adjustment voltage value, the adjustment voltage value being equal to the limit values. (figure 1)

As it is well known in the art a triac is a analog component and a AND gate is a digital component. Thus the input to the pulse generator (AND output) is therefore a digital input and the output (4) of the pulse generator must be a analog (input to triac).

With regards to claim 8, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches a power unit, the power unit being associated to the control unit and generating a voltage pulse at the gate of the TRIAC (TR) upon a command from the control central. (figure 1)

With regards to claim 9, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the control unit (4) comprises a digital-to-analog (D/A) converter, the digital-to-analog converter generating the adjustment voltage value. (11;figure 1)

With regards to claim 10, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the pulse at the TRIAC (TR) is generated when the control central (44) detects a transition of level of the comparator output. (figure1)

With regards to claim 11, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the control central (44) commands the digital-to-analog (D/A) converter to commute between a positive voltage limit (+limit) to a negative limit (-limit) and vice-versa at every transition received by the comparator.

With regards to claim 14, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the digital-to-analog (D/A) converter is internal with respect to the control central. (figure 1) see claim 7 rejection.

With regards to claim 15, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the comparator (7,8) is internal with respect to the control central. (figure 1)

With regards to claim 16, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the power control unit is an internal switch of the control central (figure 1).

With regards to claim 17, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches method of controlling the triggering of a TRIAC (TR), the TRIAC comprising a gate (G) and being electrically connected to a network voltage (V.sub.AC), the TRIAC (TR) being selectively actuated upon a pulse at the gate (G) to apply the network voltage (V.sub.AC) to a load, enabling the circulation of a current (ic), a comparator being associated to the gate (G) of the TRIAC (TR), the method comprising:

applying a pulse at the gate (G) when the voltage limit value (+limit, -limit) at the gate (G) has been detected, the pulse being generated: from a transition at the

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comparator (CP.sub.1), the comparator comparing the voltage limit voltage (+limit, - limit) at the gate (G) and a voltage measured at the gate (G), (11;figure 1)

commuting an input of the comparator from the positive voltage limit (+limit) and to a negative limit (-limit) and vice-versa at every transition received by the comparator.(col. 2, lines 63-67)

With regards to claim 21, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the voltage pulse at the gate has duration sufficient for the current circulating in the TRIAC (TR) to reach a latch value. (11;figure 1)

With regards to claim 23, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches a method of controlling the triggering of a TRIAC (TR), the TRIAC comprising a gate (G) and being electrically connected to a network voltage (V.sub.AC), the TRIAC (TR) being selectively actuated upon a pulse at the gate (G) to apply the network voltage (V.sub.AC) to a load, enabling the circulation of a current (i.sub.c), the method comprising the steps of:

applying a pulse at the gate when the current value reaches a minimum value, establishing a voltage limit value (+limit, -limit) at the gate (G) to generate the pulse at the gate (G) of the TRIAC (TR) for keeping it in conduction, the pulse at the gate (G) being generated in a previously established measurement time (t.sub.M), the measurement time (t.sub.M) occurring before the passage of the level of the current by zero, (figure 1)

measuring the current that circulates in the load,(Col. 1, lines 40-44) The controller must measure the current in order to know what it is controlling. and

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adjusting the level of the voltage limit value (+limit, -limit) at the gate (G) in a proportional way to level of the current (Col.2,lines 61-67)

With regards to claim 24, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the current is continuously measured. (col.1, Lines 40-45)

With regards to claim 25, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the step of applying the pulse at the gate (G) of the TRIAC regulating the level of voltage in the load from the delay in generating the pulses at the gate(11;figure 1)

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- **9.** The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- **10.** Claims 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) in view of Liu (USPN 5,994,883).

With regards to claim 4, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) does not appear to explicitly teach a current sensor.

Liu (USPN 5,994,883) teaches the control unit obtains the current value from a current sensor. (32; Col. 3, Lines 33-36)

It would've been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) reference to include the current sensor taught by Liu (USPN 5,994,883) in order to arrive at the claimed invention as it

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would be desirable to monitor the current in order to help protect the control circuit and load from over current. (col.2, Lines 10-11)

**11.** Claims 5 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289)

With regards to claims 5 and 19, Khudoshin (USPN 5,734,289) teaches the adjustment of the limit value (+limit, -limit) is made by means of the equation: *KxI*<sub>c</sub> wherein k is a previously determined proportionality constant.

While the prior art of record does not teach the specific claimed equation. It does teach adjusting the voltage (Col.2-3, lines 60-67 &1-15) based on the threshold/limit value. As the functionality of both the prior art and the claimed invention are the same and the operating characteristics of the circuitry shown in the prior art could be interpreted as an equation by one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention. It would appear that the claimed limitations would be would be an obvious modification of the prior art as the claimed equation is absent any criticality.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

**12.** 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

**13.** Claims 17-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Specifically, the process steps should (1) be tied to another statutory class (such as a particular apparatus) or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing. If neither of these requirements is met by the

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claim, the method is not a patent eligible process under 35 USC § 101 and has been rejected as being directed towards non-statutory subject matter.

## Allowable Subject Matter

**14.** Claims12-13 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Should applicant choose to add the limitations of claims 12-13 into claim 1 applicant is urged to point out exactly what is novel about the claimed circuit arrangement. Since the individual components i.e. resistive divider, comparator etc are well known elements in the art, applicant should describe what exactly about this configuration makes the claimed invention patentable over the prior art.

#### Conclusion

- **15.** The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Nutz et al. (USPN 4,737,671) teaches a circuit for detecting the current flow of a triac.
- **16.** Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ADITYA S. BHAT whose telephone number is (571)272-2270. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-5:30.
- **17.** If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Drew Dunn can be reached on 571-272-2312. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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18. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Aditya Bhat/ Examiner, Art Unit 2863 January 31,2009